AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 21, 2000
AMENDED IN SENATE JULY 14, 1999
AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 24, 1999
AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 21, 1999
AMENDED IN SENATE JUNE 14, 1999

SENATE BILL

No. 1146

Introduced by Senator Burton (Principal coauthor: Senator Polanco) (Coauthors: Senators Escutia, Haynes, and Karnette) (Coauthors: Assembly Members Baugh, Cardoza, and Granlund)

February 26, 1999

An act to amend Section 43104 of, and to add Sections 39027.3 and 43105.5 to, the Health and Safety Code, relating to air pollution.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

SB 1146, as amended, Burton. Motor vehicles: pollution control devices.

Existing law authorizes the State Air Resources Board to adopt and implement emission standards for new motor vehicles to control emissions from those vehicles.

This bill would require the state board, for all 1994 and later model-year motor vehicles that are equipped with on-board diagnostic systems and that are certified in accordance with specified test procedures, to adopt regulations that would

SB 1146 — 2 —

require motor vehicle manufacturers to take specified actions to make available information relating to motor vehicle emissions monitoring and testing, and diagnostic systems, as prescribed. The bill would require that those regulations allow provide for the imposition of reasonable business conditions as a condition of the disclosure of information determined to be —confidential, proprietary, or a trade secret, and would authorize the regulations a court to include the imposition of punitive sanctions for the improper release of issue a protective order concerning that information.

The bill would require the executive officer of the state board, if he or she obtains credible evidence of a motor vehicle manufacturer's failure to comply with any requirements imposed by those regulations, to issue a notice of noncompliance to the manufacturer. The bill would permit the motor vehicle manufacturer to request a public hearing before the state board to contest the notice of noncompliance within a specified time period. The bill would authorize the state board, if the motor vehicle manufacturer fails to correct the violation within 30 days from the date of the public hearing state board finding, to impose a civil penalty on the manufacturer in the an amount -of up to \$25,000 per day per violation.

Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: no.

The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

- SECTION 1. The Legislature hereby finds and declares all of the following:
- 3 (a) There are over 26 million registered motor 4 vehicles in California, and those vehicles are relied upon 5 heavily by California residents to conduct their everyday 6 activities.
- 7 (b) The use of those motor vehicles results in hundreds 8 of tons of pollutants being emitted into California's air 9 every day, significantly affecting air quality and public 10 health and safety. To prevent unnecessary pollution, it is 11 in the best interests of this state to ensure that the ability 12 of California motorists to obtain service, repair, or

-3-**SB 1146**

replacement of faulty emissions-related components of their motor vehicles is not limited by the arbitrary 3 withholding of service, repair, or parts information by 4 motor vehicle manufacturers.

- standards 5 emissions adopted (c) Recent 6 implemented by the State Air Resources Board for motor vehicles manufactured after 1993 have resulted in the development by vehicle manufacturers of "on-board diagnostic computers," that interface with the many 10 component parts of a vehicle's emissions control system. 11 Essential service, repair, and parts information and tools 12 for interfacing with a vehicle's on-board diagnostic 13 computer system are not may not be readily available to 14 independent automotive repair technicians and facilities. Accordingly, consumers may be restricted to having the 16 service and repair of faulty emissions-related components motor vehicle performed only by franchised 17 of 18 dealerships, and consumers may be also forced to 19 purchase replacement parts manufactured solely by or on 20 behalf of the vehicle manufacturer. This restriction of 21 consumer choice and options is contrary to the history of 22 automotive repair, which saw the advent of independent 23 repair technicians and facilities and independent 24 aftermarket parts manufacturers healthy market as 25 competitors to vehicle manufacturers and their 26 dealerships.
- (d) The arbitrary withholding of essential service, 28 repair, and parts information and tools by vehicle manufacturers independent from automotive repair 30 technicians and independent aftermarket parts 31 manufacturers may result in improper and needlessly 32 costly repairs that could also endanger the public and result in anticompetitive effects harmful to the best 34 interests of the state.

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35 (e) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting this 36 act during the 2000 portion of the 1999–2000 Regular 37 Session to assure and stimulate competition in the service 38 and repair of motor vehicles, including emissions systems, and in the availability of parts for those repairs. Further, 40 it is the important policy of this state to encourage **SB 1146**

1 competition so that consumers have choices available to them in the service, repair, and parts used in the service or repair of motor vehicles.

- SEC. 2. Section 39027.3 is added to the Health and 5 Safety Code, to read:
- 39027.3. (a) "Bidirectional control" means 6 7 capability of a diagnostic tool to send messages on the data 8 (bus) that temporarily overrides the module's control 9 over a sensor or actuator and gives control to the 10 diagnostic tool operator. Bidirectional controls do not 11 create permanent changes to engine or component 12 calibrations.
- (b) "Covered person" means any person engaged in 14 the business of service or repair of motor vehicles or who 15 is licensed by the Bureau of Automotive Repair to 16 conduct that business, or who is engaged in the manufacture or remanufacture of emissions-related 18 motor vehicle parts for those motor vehicles.

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- (c) "Data stream information" means information 21 that originates within the vehicle by a module or 22 intelligent sensors including, but not limited to, a sensor 23 that contains and is controlled by its own module and 24 transmitted between a network of modules 25 intelligent sensors connected in parallel with either one wires. two communication Theinformation 27 broadcast over communication wires for use by other 28 modules such as chassis or transmissions to conduct 29 normal vehicle operation or for use by diagnostic tools. 30 Data stream information does not include calibration related information.
- 32 (d) "Emissions-related motor information" vehicle 33 means information regarding any of the following:
- 34 (1) Any original equipment system, component, 35 part that controls emissions.
- (2) Any original equipment system, component, 36 37 part associated with the powertrain system including, but 38 not limited to, the fuel system and ignition system.

—5— SB 1146

(3) Any original equipment system or component that 2 is likely to impact emissions, including, but not limited to, the transmission system.

(e) "Emissions-related motor vehicle part" means any 5 automotive part that affects or that may affect emissions from a motor vehicle, including replacement parts, consolidated parts, rebuilt parts, remanufactured parts, add-on parts, modified parts, and specialty parts.

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- (f) "Enhanced information" means information that is 10 specific for an original equipment manufacturer's brand of tools and equipment. 12
- SEC. 3. Section 43104 of the Health and Safety Code 14 is amended to read:
- 43104. For the certification of new motor vehicles or 16 new motor vehicle engines, the state board shall adopt, by regulation, test procedures and any other procedures necessary to determine the following:
- (a) Whether whether the vehicles or engines are in 20 compliance with the emission standards pursuant to Section 43101. The state board shall base its test procedures on federal test procedures or on driving patterns typical in the urban areas of California.
- (b) Whether a manufacturer is in compliance with 25 Section 43105.5.
 - SEC. 4. Section 43105.5 is added to the Health and Safety Code, to read:
- 28 43105.5. (a) For all motor vehicles 1994 and later 29 model-year motor vehicles equipped with 30 diagnostic systems (OBD's) and certified in accordance 31 with the test procedures adopted pursuant to Section 32 43104, the state board, not later than January 1, 2001, shall adopt regulations that require motor vehicle 33 34 manufacturer to do all of the following for fair, 35 reasonable, and nondiscriminatory compensation, to the 36 extent not limited or prohibited by federal law 37 regulations adopted by the state board pursuant to this 38 provision may include subject matter similar to the subject matter included in regulations adopted by 40 United States Environmental Protection Agency):

SB 1146 - 6 —

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available on the Internet, (1) Make within reasonable period of time, at a fair, reasonable, and nondiscrimatory price, and by reasonable business means as determined by the state board, to all covered persons, 5 the full contents of all manuals, technical service 6 bulletins. and training materials regarding emissions-related motor vehicle parts information that is made available to their franchised dealerships.

- (2) Make the diagnostic tools necessary to service and 10 repair any of the manufacturer's emissions-related motor vehicle parts available for sale, within a reasonable period of time, at a nondiscriminatory price to covered persons, and make the enhanced information related to tools and equipment available to equipment and tool companies in an electronic format.
 - (2) Make available for sale to all covered persons the manufacturer's enhanced diagnostic tools, information and bidirectional enhanced data stream controls related to tools available in electronic format to equipment and tool companies.
 - (3) If the motor vehicle manufacturer reprogrammable computer chips in its motor vehicles, equipment tool companies provide and information that is provided by the manufacturer to its dealerships to allow those companies to incorporate into aftermarket tools the same reprogramming capability.
- (4) Make available to all covered persons, within a reasonable period of time, a description of the operating parameters, electronic interface and performance specifications, including transfer functions, for all emissions-related motor vehicle parts monitored by the on board diagnostic system. That information shall be provided for each monitoring system utilized by a manufacturer that has the potential of setting a fault code or illuminating an on board diagnostic OBD II and future 36 implementation malfunction indicator light. The information required by this paragraph shall not include algorithms, software codes, and specific calibration data beyond that available on Mode \$06 of the SAE J1979 Generic Scan Tool. general description of their on-board

—7— SB 1146

1 diagnostic systems (OBD II) for the 1996 and subsequent 2 model vears, which shall contain the information 3 described in this paragraph. For each monitoring system 4 utilized by a manufacturer that illuminates the OBD II indicator 5 malfunction light, the motor vehicle 6 *manufacturer shall provide all of the following:*

(A) A general description of the operation of the 8 monitor, including a description of the parameter that is being monitored.

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- (B) A listing of all typical OBD II diagnostic trouble codes associated with each monitor.
- (C) A description of the typical enabling conditions for 13 each monitor to execute during vehicle operation, 14 including, but not limited to, minimum and maximum 15 intake air and engine coolant temperature, vehicle speed 16 range, and time since engine startup.
- 17 (D) A listing of each monitor sequence, execution 18 frequency, and typical duration.
- (E) A listing of typical malfunction thresholds for each 20 monitor.
- (F) For OBD II parameters for specific vehicles that 22 deviate from the typical parameters, the OBD II 23 description shall indicate the deviation and provide a separate listing of the typical value for those vehicles.
- (G) The information required by this paragraph shall 26 not include specific vehicle algorithms, specific vehicle software codes, or specific calibration data beyond that available on Mode \$06 of the SAE J1979 Generic Scan
- (5) Not utilize any access or recognition code or any type of encryption that would prevent for the purpose of 32 preventing a vehicle owner from using a motor vehicle part an emissions-related motor vehicle part with the 34 exception of the emissions-related on-board diagnostic been manufactured system that has not 36 manufacturer or any of its original equipment suppliers.
- (6) Provide information regarding initialization 38 procedures for dealing with immobilizer circuits or other lock-out devices necessary for properly repairing, rebuilding, installing, or otherwise reinitializing vehicle

SB 1146 —8—

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on board computers that employ integral vehicle security 2 systems.

- (7) All information provided under this subdivision shall be provided in a readily accessible electronic format that is compatible with computer systems that are commonly used by covered persons, and that is accessible without the need for any decoding information or device.
- (6) Provide information regarding initialization procedures relating to immobilizer or other circuits reinitialize lock-out devices vehicle on-board to computers that employ integral vehicle security systems if necessary to repair or replace an emissions-related part, or if necessary for the proper installation of vehicle on-board computers that employ integral vehicle security systems.
- (7) All information required to be provided to covered persons by this section shall be provided in a format that 18 is readily accessible to all covered persons, as determined by the state board.
 - (b) Any information required to be disclosed under this section that the motor vehicle manufacturer can demonstrate, to the executive officer of the state board, on a case-by-case basis, to be confidential, proprietary, or trade secret information shall be exempt from disclosure, unless the executive officer, at the request of a covered person seeking disclosure of the information, determines that the disclosure of the information is necessary to mitigate any anticompetitive effects. Any determination by the executive officer that disclosure of the information is necessary to mitigate any anticompetitive effects is a final decision of the state board and may be subject to review by a court of law in a de novo hearing.
- (c) If the information required to be disclosed by a 34 motor vehicle manufacturer pursuant to subdivision (a) is determined to be confidential, proprietary, or a trade secret, in accordance with subdivision (b), the regulations adopted by the state board shall allow for the imposition of reasonable business conditions as a condition of disclosure, and may include the imposition of punitive sanctions for the improper release of

—9 — **SB 1146**

information that has been determined by the executive officer of the state board to be confidential, proprietary, or a trade secret to competitors of the manufacturer. The regulations adopted by the state board shall provide for the payment of fair and reasonable compensation to the 5 6 vehicle manufacturer for the required disclosure of information that has been determined by the executive officer of the state board to be a trade secret. The regulations shall also provide for the dissemination of 9 trade secret information through licensing agreements 10 and the collection of fair and reasonable licensing fees. If the board determines that disclosure of any of the 12 information required to be disclosed under subdivision 13 14 (a) constitutes a taking of personal property, a jury trial shall be held to determine the amount of compensation 16 for that taking, unless waived by the motor vehicle manufacturer. 17

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(b) Any information required to be disclosed under 20 this section that the motor vehicle manufacturer demonstrates to a court, on a case-by-case basis, to be a 22 trade secret pursuant to the Uniform Trade Secret Act 23 contained in Title 5 (commencing with Section 3426) of 24 Part 1 of Division 4 of the Civil Code, shall be exempt from 25 disclosure, unless the court, upon the request of a covered 26 person seeking disclosure of the information, determines that the disclosure of the information is necessary to 28 mitigate anticompetitive effects. In making this determination, the court shall consider, among other 30 things, the practices of any motor vehicle manufacturer 31 that results in the fullest disclosure of information listed 32 in paragraph (4) of subdivision (a). In actions subject to this subdivision, the court shall preserve the secrecy of an 34 alleged trade secret by reasonable means, which may 35 include granting a protective order in connection with 36 discovery proceedings, holding an in-camera hearing, sealing the record of the action, or ordering any person 38 involved in the litigation not to disclose an alleged trade secret without prior court approval.

SB 1146 **— 10 —**

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(c) If information is required to be disclosed by a 2 motor vehicle manufacturer pursuant to subdivision (b), 3 the court shall allow for the imposition of reasonable 4 business conditions as a condition of disclosure, and may 5 include punitive sanctions for the improper release of 6 information that is determined to be a trade secret to a competitor of the manufacturer. The court shall also 8 provide for fair, reasonable, and nondiscrimatory 9 compensation to the motor vehicle manufacturer for the 10 disclosure of information determined by the court to be a trade secret and required to be disclosed pursuant to 12 subdivision (b). The court shall provide for the 13 dissemination of trade secret information required to be 14 disclosed pursuant to subdivision (b) through licensing 15 agreements and the collection of reasonable licensing 16 fees. If the court determines that disclosure of any of the 17 information required to be disclosed under subdivision 18 (b) constitutes a taking of personal property, a jury trial 19 shall be held to determine the amount of compensation 20 for that taking, unless waived by the motor vehicle 21 manufacturer.

- (d) The state board shall periodically conduct surveys 23 to determine whether the information requirements 24 imposed by this section are being fulfilled by actual field 25 availability of the information.
- (e) If the executive officer of the state board obtains 27 credible evidence that a motor vehicle manufacturer has 28 failed to comply with any of the requirements of this section or the regulations adopted by the state board, the 30 state board shall issue a notice to the manufacturer of that noncompliance. The 32 manufacturer may request a public hearing before the state board within 30 days from the date of the notice of 34 violation to contest that notice of violation. If, after the 35 hearing, the state board finds that the motor vehicle 36 manufacturer has failed to comply with any of the requirements of this section or the regulations adopted by 37 38 the state board, and the manufacturer fails to correct the violation within 30 days from the date of the hearing state board finding, the state board shall impose a civil penalty

— 11 — SB 1146

1 on the manufacturer in the amount of an amount up to twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) per day per violation until the violation is corrected. Each day a 4 violation continues shall be considered a separate 5 violation.

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- (e) The state board may provide additional time for compliance prior to imposing a civil penalty if the state board determines that the violation cannot be remedied within 30 days of the state board's finding that a violation 10 has occurred.
- (f) The Department of Consumer Affairs, 12 coordination with the state board and the Bureau of 13 Automotive Repair, shall, through the year 2009, report 14 annually to the Legislature on the extent to which the 15 implementation of this act enacted during the 2000 16 portion of the 1999–2000 Regular Session is effective in 17 furthering the intent and policy contained in Section 1 of
- (g) Nothing in this section is intended to authorize the 19 20 infringement of intellectual property rights embodied in 21 United States patents, trademarks, or copyrights, to the 22 extent those rights may be exercised consistently with 23 any other federal laws.